

# **Midazolam SOP**

PGD

Further reading

https://bnf.nice.org.uk/drug/midazolam.html NICE guideline - Convulsive status epilepticus 2004/2011 **GNAAS Midazolam PGD** 



# **Indications**

- i) Continuation of sedation following PHEA - HEMS Team Only
- Prevention or treatment of ketamine-induced agitation ii)
- iii) Sedation
- iv) Status epilepticus

## **Effects and side-effects**

A benzodiazepine which causes sedation, anxiolysis, amnesia and acts as an anticonvulsant. Cardiorespiratory depressant effects which may lead to hypotension and a reduced respiratory drive/apnoea.

### **Presentation**

A clear and colourless solution in ampoules containing 10mg in 2mls for intravenous injection. May also be given by the intraosseous, intranasal, buccal or intramuscular routes in the emergency setting.



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### **Administration**

#### **Sedation following PHEA**

In conjunction with morphine, titrated to effect depending on patient physiology. Usual dose range 0.01-0.05mg/kg every 10mins.

#### **Acute Sedation**

As a sole agent, **titrated IV/IO** to effect depending on patient physiology. Usual dose range 0.01-0.05mg/kg, repeated as required.

IM bolus dose - 50-100mcg/kg repeated as required

To prevent or treat unpleasant dysphoric effects caused by ketamine - 0.02mg/kg, repeated as required.

#### **Status epilepticus**

**Buccal** - Adults 10mg, repeated once if required

- Children 0.5mg/kg (max 10mg), repeated once if required

OR

Intravenous/IO - All ages: 0.05mg/kg, repeated once if required

#### **Contraindications**

In the context of the emergency presentations likely to be encountered by GNAAS, the only absolute contraindication is known anaphylaxis to midazolam.